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	Word Reading	Comprehension
Nursery	3 & 4-year-olds will be learning to: Word Reading – Phonics and Decoding	
	word reading - Fronts and Decoding Literacy	
	Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:	
	spot and suggestrhymes count or clap syllables in words	
	recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother	
	Fluency	
	Literacy Understand the five key concepts about print:	
	print hasmeaning	
	the names of different purposes print can have different purposes	
	printamine uniterit purposes page sequencing	
	we read English text from left to right and from top to bottom	
	Develop their phonological awareness, so that they can: spot and suggestrhymes	
	sput and suggestripmes count or dap syllables in words	
	recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother	
	Reading Comprehension – Understanding and Correcting Inaccuracies Communication and Language	
	Enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens	
	Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got sofat?"	
	Be able to express a point of view and debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions Process	
	Literacy Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary	
	Comparing, Contrasting and Commenting	
	Communication and Language	
	Be able to express a point of view and debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions Words in Context and Authorial Choice	
	Communication and Language	
	Use a widerrange of vocabulary	
	Literacy Engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary	
	Linggemeta-induction about stories, rearining new occasions y Inference and Prediction	
	Communication and Language	
	Understand 'why' questions, like: "Why do you think the caterpillar got sofat?" Poetry and Performance	
	Communication and Language	
	Sing a large repertoire of songs	
	Knowmanyrhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story Expressive Arts and Design	
	• Take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar	
	Begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc.	
	Remember and sing entire songs	
	Sing the pitch of a tone sung by another person ('pitchmatch') Sing the melodic shape (moving melody, such as up and down and up) of familiar songs	
	Create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know	
Reception	4 & 5-year-olds will be learning to:	
Reception	Word Reading – Phonics and Decoding Literacy	
	Read individual letters by saying the sounds for them	
	Blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of letter-sound correspondences	
	Readsomeletter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds forthem Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with knownletter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words	
	Nead simple printeds and selectives made up of words with known fetter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words Common Exception Words	
	Literacy	
	Read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme Fluency	
	ruency Literacy	
	Bland sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of letter-sound correspondences	
	Read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exceptionwords	
	Re-read books to build up their confidence in word reading, theirfluency and their understanding and enjoyment Reading Comprehension – Understanding and Correcting Inaccuracies	
	Communication and Language	
	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding	
	Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound	
	Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary	
	Comparing, Contrasting and Commenting	
	Understanding the World	
	Compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past Words in Context and Authorial Choice	
	words in Context and Authoria Choice Communication and Language	
	Learn newvocabulary	
	Use new york proughout the day Bet elevery the property of the proper	
	Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their ownwords Use new vocabulary in different contexts	
	Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary	



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	Poetry and Performance			
	Communication and Language Engage in storytimes			
	Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words			
	Learnrhymes, poems and songs			
	Expressive Arts and Design			
	Singin a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following themelody Develop storylines in their pretend play			
	Non-Fiction			
	Communication and Language			
	Engage in non-fictionbooks			
	Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary Early Learning Goal – Literacy (Word Reading)			
	Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 diagraphs Say a sound for each letter in the alphabet and at least 10 diagraphs			
	Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound blending			
	Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words Early Learning Goal – Literacy (Reading) Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words Early Learning Goal – Literacy (Comprehension) Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary Anticipate (where appropriate) keyevents in stories Anticipate (where appropriate) keyevents in stories			
	Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems and during roleplay			
	Early Learning Goal – Communication and Language Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and	rmall arous interactions		
	 Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate 	snali group interactions		
	Early Learning Goal – Expressive Arts and Design • Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories			
	 Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with their peers and their teacher Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time to music 			
	Perrormsongs, rnymes, poems and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time to music As above and:	As above and:		
Year 1	As above aim. Letters and Sounds Phases 4 to 5	Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:		
	Respond speedily with the correct sound to grapheme for the 44 phonemes	Listening to a range of texts at a level beyond that at which they can read independently including stories, non-fiction and poems		
	Recognise and use the different ways of pronouncing the same grapheme, e.g. ow in snow and cow	Identifying and discuss the main events in stories		
	Read accurately by blending sounds in unfamiliar words	Identifying and discuss the main characters in stories Recalling specific information in texts		
	Read words containing -s, -es, -ing, -ed, -er, -est endings	Kecaling specific information in texts Recognising and join in with language patterns and repetition		
	Split two and three syllable words into the separate syllables to support blending for reading	Use patterns and repetition to support oral retelling		
	Read words with contractions e.g. I'm, I'll, we'll and understand that the apostrophe represents the omitted letter	Reciting rhymes and poems by heart		
	Automatically recognise approximately 150 high frequency words (see bottom)	Relating texts to own experiences		
	Apply phonic knowledge for reading	Re telling familiar stories in a range of contexts e.g. small world, role play, storytelling		
	Read aloud accurately books that are consistent with their developing phonic knowledge	Make personal reading choices and explain reasons for choices Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by:		
	Develop fluency, accuracy and confidence by re-reading books Read more challenging texts using phonics and high frequency word recognition	Introducing and discussing key vocabulary		
	Read more challenging texts using phonics and high frequency word recognition	Activating prior knowledge e.g. what do you know about minibeasts?		
		Checking that texts make sense while reading and self-correct		
		Making predictions based on what has been read so far Make basic inferences about what is being said and done		
		Name basic inferences about which is being said and unite Discussing the title and how it relates to the events in the whole story e.g. Peace at Last by Jill Murphy		
		Participating in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say by:		
		Listening to what others say		
		Taking turns		
		 Giving opinions and supporting with reasons e.g. Hansel was clever when he put stones in his pocket Explaining clearly their understanding of what is read to them 		
		Demonstrating understanding of texts by answering questions related to who, what, where, when, why, how		
V 2	As above and:	As above and:		
Year 2	Letters and Sounds Phase 6	Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by:		
	 Apply phonic knowledge and skills to read words until automatic decoding has become embedded and reading is fluent 	Listening to a range of texts at a level beyond that at which they can read independently including stories, non-fiction, and contemporary and classic poetry		
	 Read accurately by blending the sounds in words, especially recognising alternative sounds for graphemes Read accurately words of two or more syllables that contain alternative sounds for grapheme e.g. shoulder, roundabout, grouping 	Sequencing and discussing the main events in stories Learning and reciting a range of poems using appropriate intonation		
	Read words containing common suffixes e.g. ness, -ment, -ful, -ly	Retelling a wider range of stories, fairy tales and traditional tales		
	Read further common exception words, noting tricky parts (see bottom)	Read a range of non-fiction texts including information, explanations, instructions, recounts, reports		
	Read frequently encountered words quickly and accurately without overt sounding and blending	Discussing how specific information is organised within a non-fiction text e.g. text boxes, sub-headings, contents, bullet points, glossary, diagrams		
	Read aloud books closely matched to their improving phonic knowledge, sounding out unfamiliar words accurately, automatically and without undue	Identifying, discussing and collecting favourite words and phrases		
	hesitation Re-read these books to build up their fluency and confidence in word reading	 Recognising use of repetitive language within a text or poem e.g. run, run as fast as you can and across texts e.g. long, long ago in a land far away Make personal reading choices and explain reasons for choices 		
	Neer-tead interest course to build up their interity and commence in word reading Uses tone and intonation when reading aloud	Understand both the books they can already read accurately and fluently and those that they listen to by:		
	Read longer and less familiar texts independently	Introducing and discussing key vocabulary within the context of a text		
		Use morphology to work out the meaning of unfamiliar words e.g. terror, terrorised		
		 Activating prior knowledge and raising questions e.g. What do we know? What do we want to know? What have we learned? 		
		Checking that texts make sense while reading and self-correct Making predictions using evidence from the text		
		 Making predictions using evidence from the text Making inferences about characters and events using evidence from the text e.g. what is a character thinking, saying and feeling? 		
		Participating in discussion about what is read to them, taking turns and listening to what others say:		
		Making contributions in whole class and group discussion		
		Listening and responding to contributions from others		
		 Giving opinions and supporting with reasons e.g. Was Goldilocks a good or bad character? Considering other points of view 		
		Considering other points or view Explaining clearly their understanding of what they read themselves and what is read to them:		
		Demonstrating understanding of texts by asking and answering questions related to who, what, where, when, why, how		



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Year 3	As above and: Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. un-, dis-,-mis-, re- Use suffixes to understand meanings e.gation, -ous Read and understand meaning of words on Y3/4 word list – see bottom Use intonation, tone and volume when reading aloud	As above and: Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: Listening to and discussing a range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction Regularly listening to whole novels read aloud by the teacher Reading a range of non-fiction texts including information, explanations, instructions, recounts, reports, persuasion Analysing and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation e.g. newspaper reports, recipes, etc	
	Take note of punctuation when reading aloud	 Recognising some different forms of poetry e.g. narrative, free verse Reading books and texts for a range of purposes e.g. enjoyment, research, skills development, reference Using dictionaries to check meanings of words they have read Sequencing and discussing the main events in stories Retelling a range of stories, including less familiar fairy stories, fables and folk tales e.g. Grimm's Foiry Tales, Rudyard Kipling Just So Stories Identifying and discussing themes e.g. good over evil, weak and strong, wise and foolish, mean and generous, rich and poor Identifying, and discussing conventions e.g. numbers three and seven in fairy tales, magical sentence repeated several times Identifying, discussing and collecting favourite words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination Preparing poems/playscripts to read aloud, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action Understand what they read independently by: Discussing their understanding of the text Explaining the meaning of unfamiliar words by using the context Making predictions based on details stated Raising questions during the reading process to deepen understanding e.g. I wonder why the character Drawing inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings and actions, and justify with evidence from the text Using point and evidence to structure and justify responses Discussing the purpose of paragraph Retrieve and record information from non-fiction Evaluating how specific information is organised within a non-fiction text e.g. text boxes, sub-headings, contents, bullet points, glossary, diagrams Quickly appraising a text to evaluate usefulness Navigating texts in print and on screen Participating in discussion about what is read to them and books they have read independently, taking turns and listening to what others say	
Year 4	As above and: • Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words • Use prefixes to understand meanings e.g. sub-,inter-, anti-, auto- • Use suffixes to understand meanings e.gation, -ous, -tion, -sion, -cion • Read and understand meaning of words on Y3/4 word list - see bottom • Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences	As above and: Develop pleasure in reading, motivation to read, vocabulary and understanding by: Usterning to, reading and discussing a range of fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction in different forms e.g. advertisements, formal speeches, leaflets, magazines, electronic texts Regularly listening to whole novels read aloud by the teacher Analysing and evaluate texts looking at language, structure and presentation Analysing different forms of poetry e.g. haiku, limericks, kennings Reading books and texts for a range of purposes and responding in a variety of ways Analysing and comparing a range of plot structures Retelling a range of stories, including less familiar fairy stories, myths and legends Identifying, analysing and discussing themes e.g. safe and dangerous, just and unjust, origins of the earth, its people and animals Identifying, discussing and collecting effective words and phrases which capture the reader's interest and imagination e.g. metophors, similes Learning a range of poems by heart and rehearsing for performance Preparing poems and playscripts to read aloud, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action Discussing their understanding of the text Explaining the meaning of key vocabulary within the context of the text Making predictions based on information stated and implied Demonstrating active reading strategies e.g. generating questions, finding answers, refining thinking, modifying questions, constructing images Drawing inferences around characters' thoughts, feelings, actions and motives, and justify with evidence from the text using point and evidence Identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these e.g. character is evil because1/2/3 reasons, Clitheroe Castle is a worthwhile place to visit because 1/2/3 reasons across a text Retrieve and record information from non-fiction Analysing and evaluating how specific information is organised within a non-fiction text e.g. text boxes, sub-headings, contents, bullet points	
Year 5	As above and: Use knowledge of root words to understand meanings of words Apply knowledge of prefixes to understand meaning of new words Use suffixes to understand meanings e.gant, -ance, -ancy, -ent, -ence, -ency, -lible, -able, -libly, -ably Read and understand meaning of words on Y5/6 word list – see bottom Use punctuation to determine intonation and expression when reading aloud to a range of audiences	As above and: Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding what they read by: Usterning to and discussing a range of fiction/poetry/non-fiction which they might not choose to read themselves Regularly listening to whole novels read aloud by the teacher from an increasing range of authors Exploring themes within and across texts e.g. loss, heroism, friendship Making comparisons within a text e.g. characters' everypoints of same events Analysing the conventions of different types of writing e.g. use of first person in autobiographies and diaries Recommending books to their peers with reasons for choices Reading books and texts that are structured in different ways for a range of purposes Expressing preferences about a wider range of books including modern fiction/traditional stories/myths/legends Learning a wider range of poems by heart Preparing poems and playscripts to read aloud and perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action so the meaning is clear to an audience	



		Understand what they read by:
		Checking that the book makes sense to them and demonstrating understanding e.g. through discussion, use of reading journals
		 Exploring meaning of words in context Demonstrating active reading strategies e.g. generating questions to refine thinking, noting thoughts in a reading journal
		Inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions and justifying inferences with evidence
		Predicting what might happen from information stated and implied
		Re-read and reads ahead to locate clues to support understanding
		Scanning for key words and text marking to locate key information
		Summarising main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and identifying key details which support this
		 Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning e.g. formal letter, informal diary, persuasive speech
		Discuss and evaluate how authors use language including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader
		Exploring, recognising and using the terms metaphor, simile, imagery
		Explaining the effect on the reader of the authors' choice of language Distinguish between statements of fact or opinion within a text
		Participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously
		Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where
		necessary by:
		Preparing formal presentations individually or in groups
		Using notes to support presentation of information
		Responding to questions generated by a presentation
		Participating in debates on an issue related to reading (fiction or non-fiction)
		Provide reasoned justifications for their views by: Justifying opinions and elaborating by referring to the text (Point + Evidence + Explanation)
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Year 6	As above and:	As above and:
i cai u	Use knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to investigate how the meanings of words change e.g. un+happy+ness, dis+repute+able, dis+respect+ful,	Maintain positive attitudes to reading and understanding what they read by:
	re+engage+ment Use suffixes to understand meanings e.e. —cioustioustiolcial	Listening to, reading and discussing an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays and non-fiction
	Read and understand meaning of words on Y5/6 word list – see bottom	Regularly listening to novels read aloud by the teacher from an increasing range of authors, which they may not choose themselves
	Use etymology to help the pronunciation of new words e.g. chef, chalet, machine, brochure – French in origin	Recognising themes within and across texts e.g. hope, peace, fortune, survival
	Employ dramatic effect to engage listeners whilst reading aloud	Making comparisons within and across texts e.g. similar events in different books, such as being an evacuee in Carrie's War and Goodnight Mr Tom
	Read extensively for pleasure	Comparing texts written in different periods
	Skim texts to ascertain the gist	 Analysing the conventions of different types of writing e.g. use of dialogue to indicate geographical and/or historical settings for a story
	Use a combination of scanning and close reading to locate information	Independently read longer texts with sustained stamina and interest
	As above and:	Recommending books to their peers with detailed reasons for their opinions
	Evaluate texts quickly in order to determine their usefulness or appeal Understand underlying themes, causes and consequences within whole texts	Expressing preferences about a wider range of books including modern fiction, traditional stories, fiction from our literary heritage and books from other cultures and
	Understand the structures writers use to achieve coherence; (headings; links within and between paragraphs; connectives)	traditions
	Recognise authors' techniques to influence and manipulate the reader	Learning a wider range of poems by heart
		Preparing poems and playscripts to read aloud and perform using dramatic effects
		Understand what they read by:
		Using a reading journal to record on-going reflections and responses to personal reading
		Exploring texts in groups and deepening comprehension through discussion
		Exploring new vocabulary in context
		 Demonstrating active reading strategies e.g. challenging peers with questions, justifying opinions, responding to different viewpoints within a group
		 Inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, justifying inferences with evidence e.g. point; evidence; explanation
		Predicting what might happen from information stated and implied
		Re-read and reads ahead to locate clues to support understanding and justifying with evidence from the text
		Scanning for key information e.g. looking for descriptive words associated with a setting
		Skimming for gist
		Using a combination of skimming, scanning and close reading across a text to locate specific detail
		 Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning e.g. persuasive leaflet, balanced argument
		Discuss / evaluate how authors use language including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader by:
		Exploring, recognising and using the terms personification, analogy, style and effect
		Explaining the effect on the reader of the authors' choice of language and reasons why the author may have selected these
		Distinguish between statements of fact or opinion across a range of texts e.g. first-hand account of an event compared with a reported example such as Samuel Pepys' diary
		and a history textbook
		Participate in discussions about books building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously
		Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where
		necessary by:
		Boundary franchiscopy to the first transfer of the first transfer
		Preparing formal presentations individually or in groups
		Using notes to support presentation of information
		Using notes to support presentation of information Responding to questions generated by a presentation
		 Using notes to support presentation of information Responding to questions generated by a presentation Participating in debates on issues related to reading (fiction/non-fiction)
		Using notes to support presentation of information Responding to questions generated by a presentation